

RECP Best Practice Catalogue

*Changing the configuration of the
polymerization reactor*

Developed within the framework of MED TEST II



UNITED NATIONS
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATION



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funded by the European Union

Best Practice - Changing the configuration of the polymerization reactor

SECTOR:	Chemical and Pharmaceutical
SUBSECTOR:	Manufacture of other chemical products
PRODUCTS	PVAs
CATEGORY	Process control or modification
APPLICABILITY	Process
COMPANY NAME	---
COMPANY SIZE	Small

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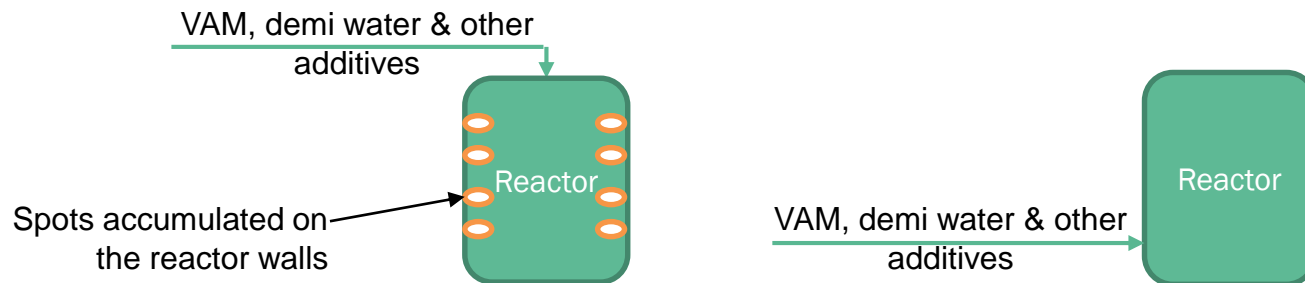
Description of the problem**(Base scenario):**

The company's polymerization process is carried out in a reactor where vinyl acetate monomer, demi water and other additives are added from the top of the reactor. Then the polymerization process takes place and the produced Poly Vinyl Acetate (PVAc) will be withdrawn from the bottom of the reactor. The reactor needs to be cleaned regularly on monthly basis but some build-up material is difficult to remove. This problem causes product losses and increases the cleaning time due to the unrecovered product adjacent to the reactor walls.

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Description of the solution

Investigations from the company TEST team following the trainings on TEST approach of identification the focus areas revealed that injection of the catalyst into the emulsion from the bottom instead of adding it from the top eliminated the build-up of PVAc on the reactor walls and led to cost savings in terms of time and material.



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Economic Benefits

The implementation of this measure will reduce the amount of the unreacted monomer and reduce cleaning time.

It is expected that about 5% of VAM lost in the reactor will be saved.

Amount saved of VAM is 1 ton/ year

Material cost saving = 1,170 Euro/ year

Environmental Benefits

Reduce VAM emissions (flammable) and reduce the hazardous waste (1 ton/year) produced from the cleaning of the reactor walls.

Health and Safety impact

This measure increases worker's safety and provide better working environment for the workers.

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Capital investments & financial indicators

No cost is needed
Payback period is immediate

Suppliers

No need for suppliers, In house – Company internal team.

Other aspects

Preventing unwanted polymerization will increase productivity & reduce coagulated solids in the product (this should be visible when inspecting the filters).

Implementation

This measure is implemented by the company and real savings are real (validated) saving figures.

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Replicability sectors

The same concept can be replicated in:

Polymers industry.

Any other industry that have reacted materials which possibly solidified on the reactor walls.

Aspects to investigate for replicability

Amount of raw materials and produced polymer.

Availability of changing the injection direction of raw materials in the reactor.

Useful resources
